#### § 28.20

- (1) Contains a provision that the Secretary considers adverse to the protection and development of the Seashore;
- (2) Does not comply with the federal standards set out in §§28.10, 28.11, and 28.12; or
- (3) Fails to provide for the variance procedures of §28.13.
- (b) A zoning authority from time to time may amend its ordinance. At such time the Secretary may revoke the approval of any ordinance or portion of an ordinance which fails to conform to these regulations. Upon resubmission by the zoning authority of an amended ordinance, the Secretary shall approve the ordinance, if it conforms with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) Secretarial approval of a local ordinance will be withdrawn if the Secretary finds that a zoning authority is not enforcing its ordinance.

# Subpart C—Federal Review and Condemnation

### § 28.20 Review by the Superintendent.

- (a) The Superintendent, within 15 working days of the receipt of a copy of an application for a variance, exception, permits for commercial or industrial use, or special permit submitted to the zoning authority for any development, use or change in use shall provide the applicant/landowner and the appropriate zoning authority written comments on the application. The purpose of the Superintendent's review is to determine if the proposed use or development does not conform to the federal standards and the purposes of the Act or is likely to cause significant harm to the natural resources of the Seashore. If the Superintendent's review determines the proposal does not conform, the Superintendent shall inform the applicant/landowner and appropriate zoning authority that should the proposed use or development proceed, the National Park Service may seek to enjoin the development and acquire the property by condemnation.
- (b) The Superintendent may also appeal the decision of the zoning authority pursuant to procedures of local law.

### § 28.21 Suspension of condemnation authority in the communities.

The Secretary has the authority to acquire land by condemnation. Upon Secretarial approval of local ordinances, Secretarial authority to acquire by condemnation private property within the communities and "improved property" in the Seashore District that conforms to the federal standards and the provisions of the Act or is not likely to cause significant harm to the natural resources of the Seashore is suspended, except as provided for in §28.22.

## § 28.22 Condemnation authority of the Secretary.

- (a) The Secretary has the authority to exercise powers of condemnation with respect to:
- (1) Private property within the 8-mile area between the eastern boundary of Davis Park and the western boundary of the Smith Point County Park;
- (2) Any beach or water and such adjoining land as the Secretary determines is necessary for access to the beach or water;
- (3) Any property for which the Certificate of Suspension of Authority for Acquisition by Condemnation has been revoked;
- (4) Any property, if the approval of the ordinance of the zoning authority has been revoked; partially revoked, or an exception was made to the Secretarial approval and such property fails to conform to these standards, or any property where the appropriate local zoning authority does not have an ordinance approved by the Secretary;
- (5) Any property built or altered after October 17, 1984 that does not conform to the regulations in this part 28;
- (6) Any property which becomes an exception to or has been granted a variance, exception, or special use permit after October 17, 1984 that fails or will fail to conform to the regulations in this part 28;
- (7) Any new commercial or industrial use that the Superintendent has determined does not conform with §28.20(a). A new commercial or industrial use is defined as any commercial or industrial use commenced after September 11, 1964. Any change in use of a commercial or industrial use including